

Altofts Junior School—Geography – Year 4—Summer Term—Mountains & Rivers

Locational Knowledge

Know the name and location of the following rivers in the UK:

Thames, Severn, Trent, Calder/Aire, Wharfe

Know the name and location of the following mountains in the UK:

Ben Nevis (Scotland) Snowdon (Wales) Scafell Pike (England)

Human & Physical

Know how rivers are formed and the main parts of a river including:

Upper course, middle course and lower course, **Source**, **Mouth**, **Tributaries**

Know the name and location (some of the countries on it's course and continent) of the following rivers in the world:

Amazon, Congo, Yangtze, Nile, Loire, Mississippi, Murray,

Know the name and location the following mountains of the world:

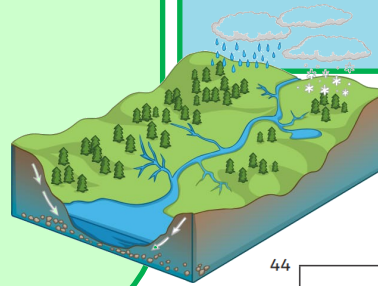
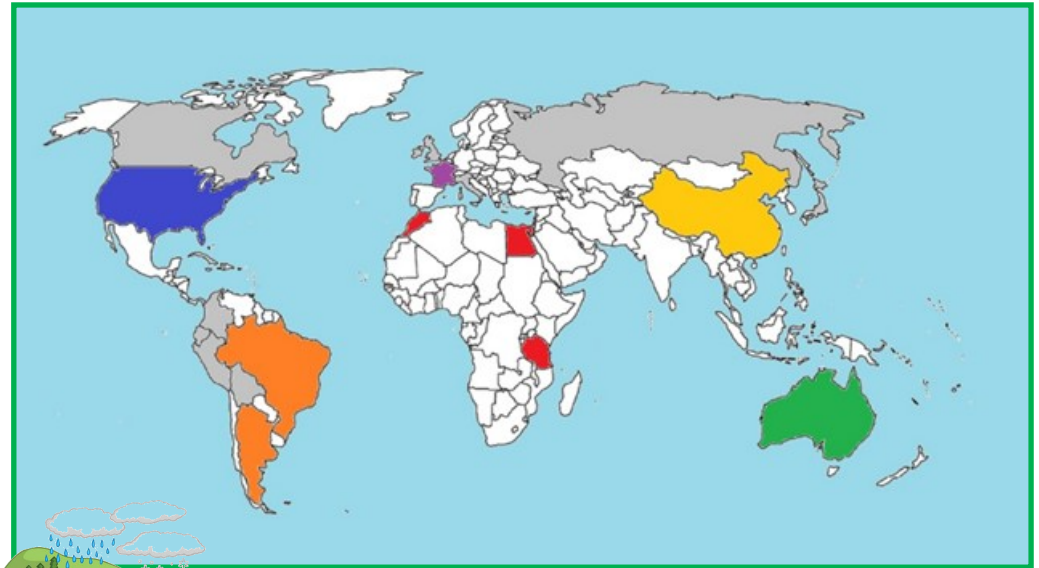
Mount Everest, Mont Blanc, Mount Elbert, Aconcagua, Mount Toubkal, Mount Kosciuszko,

Know the features of a water cycle and how rivers play a key part in this

Skills & Fieldwork

Know how to use four figure grid references to locate places on a map

Know how to use atlases and digital mapping to locate key mountains and rivers of the world



Vocabulary

Source – the start of a river

Mouth – the place where the river enters another river, sea or ocean

Tributary – a stream or river that flows into and joins a main river

Meander – the loops and curves of a slow moving river

River bank – the land at the side of the river

River bed – the bottom of a river

Mountain range – a series of mountains that are connected together

Mountain peak/summit – the highest point of a mountain

Base – the bottom of the mountain

Valley – a long depression, or ditch, in the earth's surface

